FORM

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

PLAINTIFF	:	CIVIL ACTION
	:	
v.	:	NO
	:	
DEFENDANT	:	

JOINT REPORT OF RULE 26(f) MEETING

In accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f), counsel for the parties conferred on (date) and submit the following report of their meeting for the court's consideration:

1. Discussion of Claims, Defenses and Relevant Issues

You should assume that the court has read the complaint and is familiar with the claims. However, the facts supporting those claims and defenses are unknown. Therefore, counsel shall set forth concisely the factual background that the parties contend support their claims and defenses.

Summarize your discussion of primary issues, threshold issues and those issues on which the parties will need to conduct discovery. Identify what information each party needs in discovery as well as when and why. Also indicate likely motions and their timing.

2. Informal Disclosures

State the parties' agreement on timing, form and scope of informal disclosures. Specifically identify not only the information listed in Rule 26(a)(1), but any additional information the parties agree to disclose informally.

Keep in mind that self-executing discovery must not be delayed until the pretrial conference. If the parties have not made the Rule 26(a) initial disclosures within the time required by the Court's Order scheduling the pretrial conference, they should explain why not.

3. Formal Discovery

Indicate nature, sequence and timing of formal discovery, as well as any need to conduct discovery in phases to prepare for the filing of motions or for settlement discussions. Specifically delineate what discovery will be conducted formally.

The discovery deadline should normally be no more than 120 days from the date of the Rule 16 pretrial conference. If the parties believe there are compelling reasons for a longer period of discovery, state them.

The parties are required to address procedures to preserve electronically stored information, to avoid inadvertent privilege waivers, and to determine the form in which electronic information will be produced. The cost of producing the information must be discussed.

The parties shall discuss the parameters of their anticipated ediscovery at the Rule 26(f) conference and shall be prepared to address e-discovery at the Rule 16 scheduling conference with the court. It is expected that the parties will reach an agreement on how to conduct e-discovery.

4. Expert Witness Disclosures

Indicate agreement on timing and sequence of disclosure of the identity and anticipated testimony of expert witnesses, including whether depositions of experts will be needed.

The parties should expect that the court requires expert reports to be exchanged simultaneously. If there are compelling reasons to stagger the production of expert reports, state them.

5. Early Settlement or Resolution

The parties must familiarize themselves with Local Rule 53.3. Recite the parties' discussion about early resolution through ADR and state what steps were taken by counsel to advise the client of alternative dispute resolution options. Explain any decision not to seek early resolution. State what mediation options the parties may consider and when mediation would be appropriate.

6. Magistrate Jurisdiction

Indicate discussion between the parties about having the entire matter transferred to the jurisdiction of a U.S. Magistrate Judge pursuant to $28~U.S.C.~\S~636(c)$ and Fed.R.Civ.P. 73.

7. Trial date

State the parties' agreement on the three or four week range of time during which the case will be assigned to a trial pool or given a trial date certain.

8. Other Matters

Indicate discussion and any agreement on matters not addressed above.

(Attorney Signature)	
(Attorney Signature)	